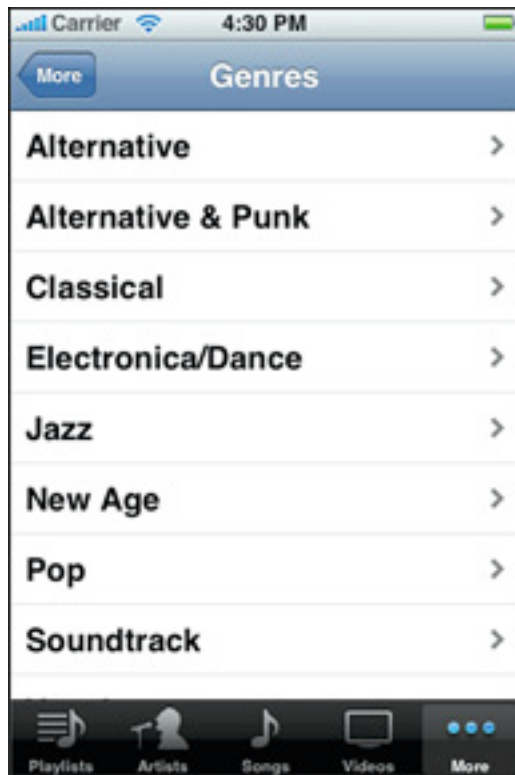


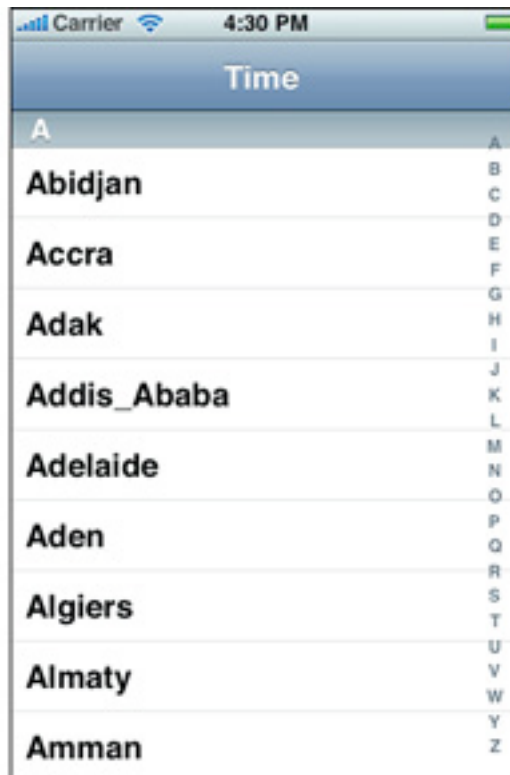
iPhone Game Development

UITableView, aka Brainfreeze without the ice...

plain



plain, section

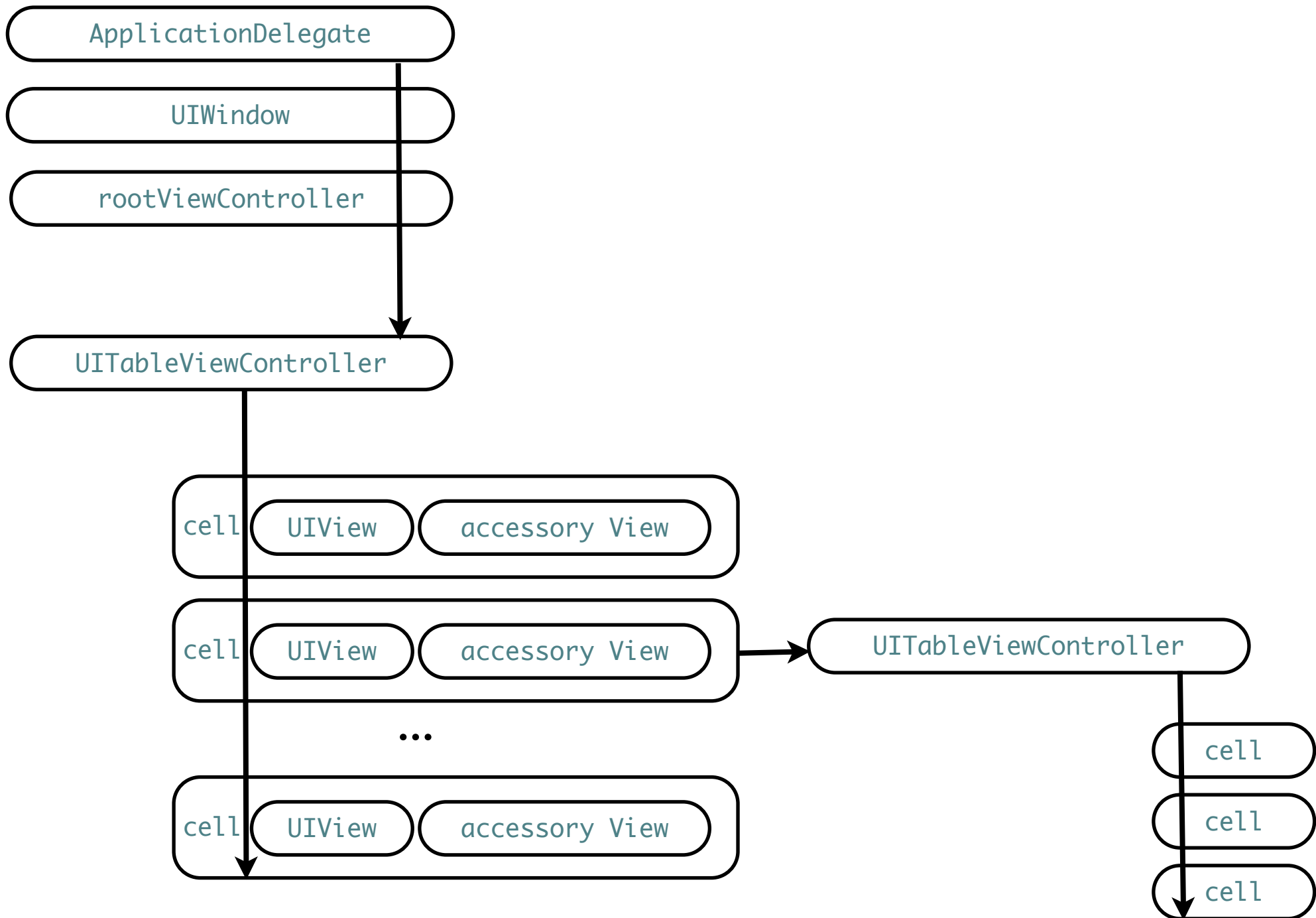


grouped



Table View programming guide for iOS, seriously:

http://developer.apple.com/library/ios/#documentation/UserExperience/Conceptual/TableView_iPhone/AboutTableViewsiPhone/AboutTableViewsiPhone.html#//apple_ref/doc/uid/TP40007451



application Delegate:

```
self.window.rootViewController=[[myTableViewController alloc]  
initWithStyle:UITableViewStylePlain];
```

myTableViewController is the delegate, and thus confirms to UITableViewDelegate:

Configuring Rows for the Table View

- tableView:heightForRowAtIndexPath:
- tableView:indentationLevelForRowAtIndexPath:
- tableView:willDisplayCell:forRowAtIndexPath:

Managing Selections

- tableView:willSelectRowAtIndexPath:
- tableView:didSelectRowAtIndexPath:
- tableView:willDeselectRowAtIndexPath:
- tableView:didDeselectRowAtIndexPath:

Managing Accessory Views

Modifying the Header and Footer of Sections

Editing Table Rows

Copying and Pasting Row Content

BUT also conforms to UITableViewDataSource:

Configuring a Table View

- tableView:cellForRowAtIndexPath: required method
- numberOfSectionsInTableView:
- tableView:numberOfRowsInSection: required method
- sectionIndexTitlesForTableView:
- tableView:sectionForSectionIndexTitle:atIndex:
- tableView:titleForHeaderInSection:
- tableView:titleForFooterInSection:

```
- (UITableViewCell *)tableView:(UITableView *)tableView
    cellForRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath *)indexPath
{
    static NSString *CellIdentifier = @"Cell";
    UITableViewCell *cell = [tableView
        dequeueReusableCellWithIdentifier:CellIdentifier];
    if (cell == nil) {
        cell = [[[UITableViewCell alloc]
            initWithStyle:UITableViewCellStyleDefault
            reuseIdentifier:CellIdentifier] autorelease];
    }
    // Configure the cell...

    return cell;
}
```

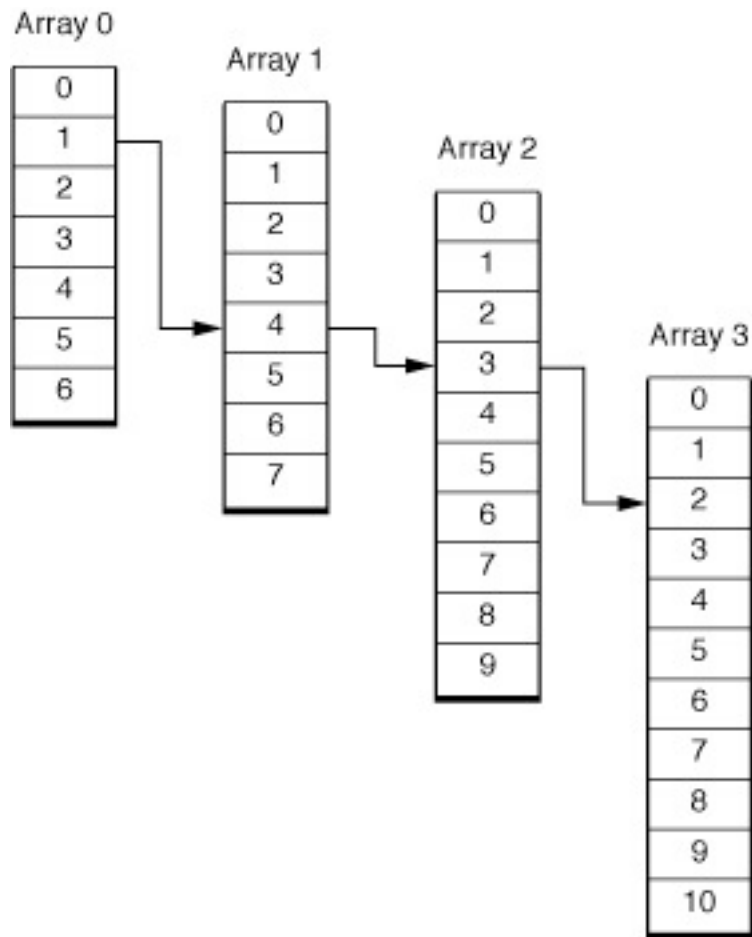
```

- (UITableViewCell *)tableView:(UITableView *)tableView
  cellForRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath *)indexPath
{
    static NSString *CellIdentifier = @"Cell";
    UITableViewCell *cell = [tableView
        dequeueReusableCellWithIdentifier:CellIdentifier];
    if (cell == nil) {
        cell = [[[UITableViewCell alloc]
            initWithStyle:UITableViewCellStyleDefault
            reuseIdentifier:CellIdentifier] autorelease];
    }
    // Configure the cell...
    [cell.textLabel setText:
        [NSString stringWithFormat:
            @"%i %i", indexPath.section, indexPath.row]];

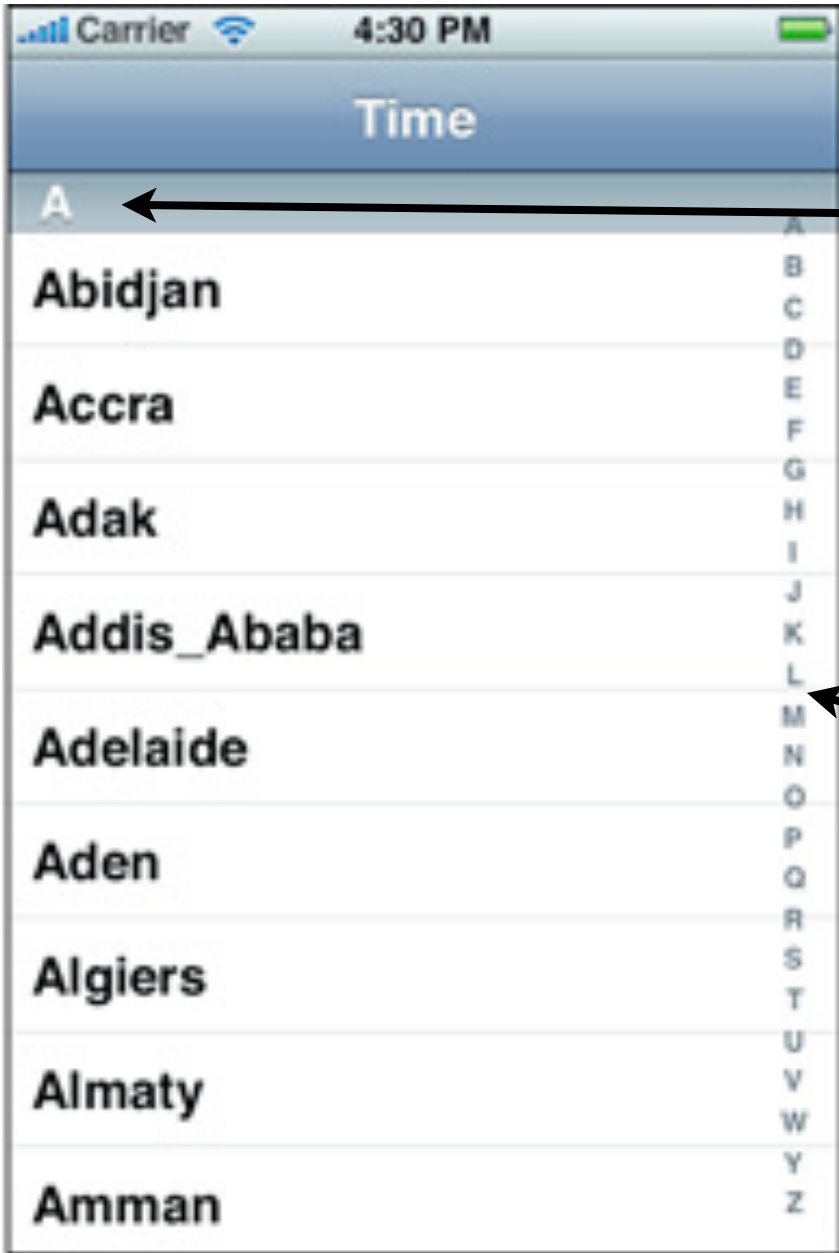
    return cell;
}

```

NSIndexPath != NSIndexPath for tables



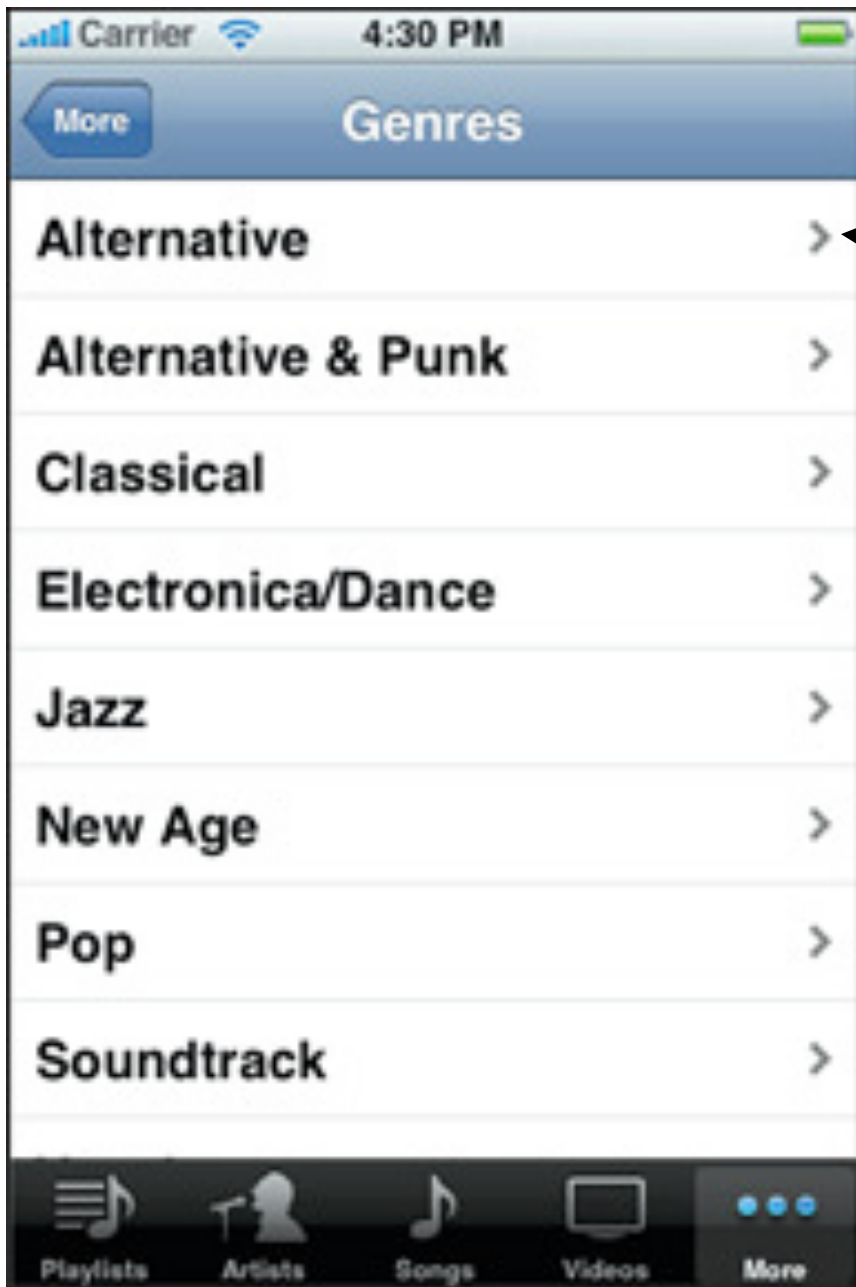
Creating an Index Path Object
+ indexPathForRow:inSection:
Getting the Row and Section Indexes
row property
section property



title for header in section

section index titles

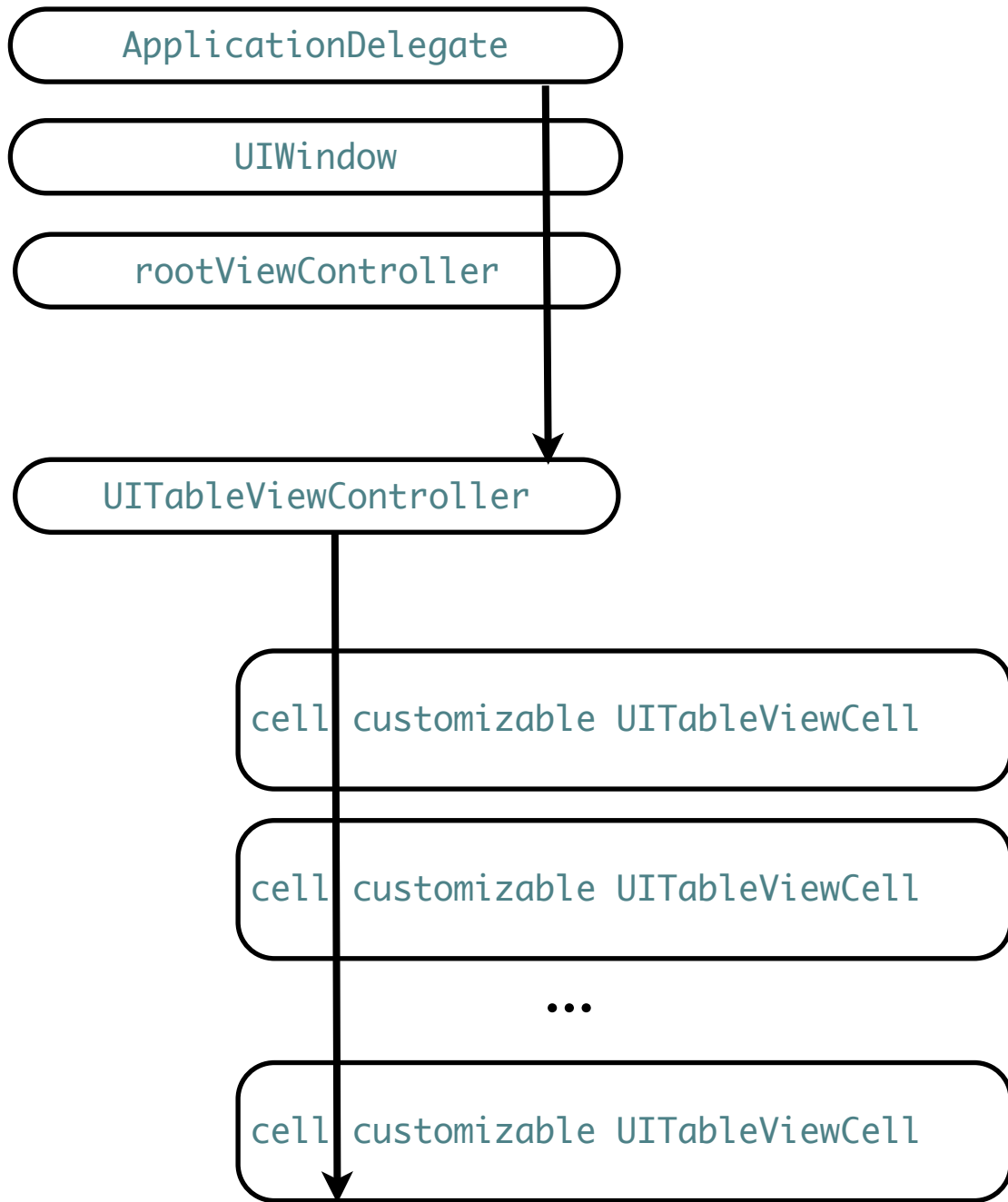
```
- (NSString *)tableView:(UITableView *)tableView titleForHeaderInSection:  
(NSInteger)section  
{  
    return [NSString stringWithFormat:@"%i",section];  
}  
  
- (NSArray *)sectionIndexTitlesForTableView:(UITableView *)tableView  
{  
    return [[NSArray alloc] initWithObjects:@"0",@"1",@"2",@"3", nil];  
}
```



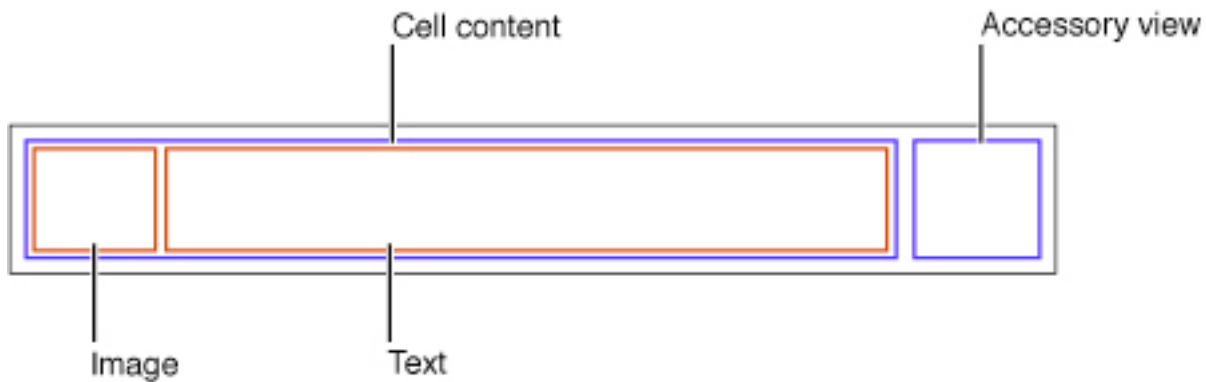
accessory views ✓  

```
- (UITableViewCell *)tableView:(UITableView *)tableView
    cellForRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath *)indexPath
{
    static NSString *CellIdentifier = @"Cell";
    UITableViewCell *cell = [tableView
        dequeueReusableCellWithIdentifier:CellIdentifier];
    if (cell == nil) {
        cell = [[[UITableViewCell alloc]
            initWithStyle:UITableViewCellStyleDefault
            reuseIdentifier:CellIdentifier] autorelease];
    }
    // Configure the cell...
    [cell.textLabel setText:
        [NSString stringWithFormat:
            @"%i %i", indexPath.section, indexPath.row]];
    cell.accessoryType = UITableViewCellAccessoryNone;
    return cell;
}
```

```
- (void)tableView:(UITableView *)tableView  
  didSelectRowAtIndexPath:(NSIndexPath *)indexPath  
{  
  do something...  
}
```



customize UITableViewCell



```
typedef enum {
    UITableViewCellStyleDefault,
    UITableViewCellStyleValue1,
    UITableViewCellStyleValue2,
    UITableViewCellStyleSubtitle
} UITableViewCellStyle;
```

```
[cell.detailTextLabel setText:@"subliminal message"];
cell.imageView.image = [UIImage imageNamed:
    [[NSBundle mainBundle] pathForResource:@"green" ofType:@"png"]];
```

or subclass

- You should add subviews to a cell's content view when your content layout can be specified entirely with the appropriate autoresizing settings and when you don't need to modify the default behavior of the cell.
- You should create a custom subclass when your content requires custom layout code or when you need to change the default behavior of the cell, such as in response to editing mode.